GOF Patterns Applied Kirk Knoernschild TeamSoft, Inc. www.teamsoftinc.com http://techdistrict.kirkk.com http://www.kirkk.com



GOF Patterns in Java

- ➡Pattern Review
- The Patterns
- Pattern Retrospective



Patterns Defined

- Recurring solution to common problem tailored to context
- Patterns have at least the following:
 Name, Problem, Solution, Consequences
- Patterns are to design as Algorithms are to code



Pattern Review

- Must tailor to context
- Benefits
 - Proven design, communication
- Negative Effects
 - Hype, Proliferation, Overuse, Misapplication



GOF Patterns

- 23 seminal patterns
- Creational (5) (Singleton, Builder)
 - Patterns for creating complex structures
- Structural (7) (Decorator)
 - Patterns for representing complex structures
- Behavioral (11) (Strategy, Command, Observer, Mediator)
 - Patterns for accommodating complex collaborations and algorithms



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Command

- Intent: Encapsulate a request as an object allowing you to parameterize clients with different requests
- **Our Problem:** Lot of Data Access Objects (DAO), each with strikingly similar functionality

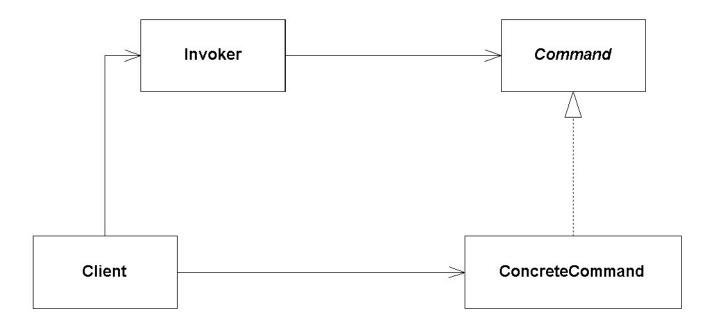


Possible Solutions

- Alternative: Inherit all DAO from a common base class
- **Command:** Parameterize a generic DAO with a SQL request
- Tradeoffs
 - Lots of SQL request classes
 - Easy to add new SQL request classes
 - Any class can be a Command if the Command is an interface



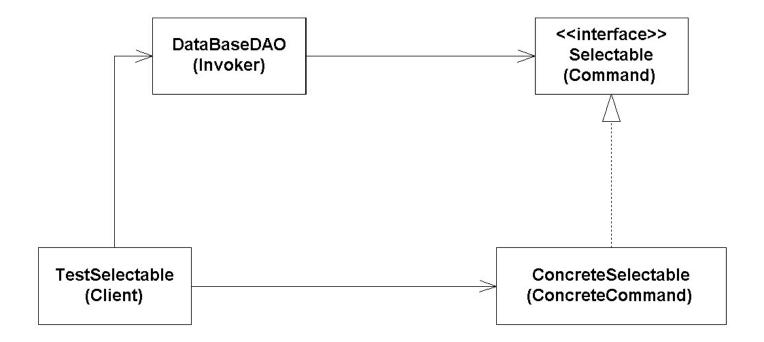
Command Structure



- 1. Client creates the ConcreteCommand
- 2. Invoker receives the Command
- 3. Invoker issues request by calling Command operation(s)



DAO Command Structure





Singleton

- Intent: Ensure a class has only one instance, and provide a global access point
- **Our Problem:** DataBaseDAO is inherited from a common base class to support other types of datasources



Possible Solutions

- Alternative: A utility class or static methods
- **Singleton:** DataBaseDAO with private constructor and static getInstance method
- Tradeoffs
 - Supports polymorphism and callbacks
 - Minimize object creation



Singleton Structure

Singleton

instance : Singleton

getInstance(): Singleton

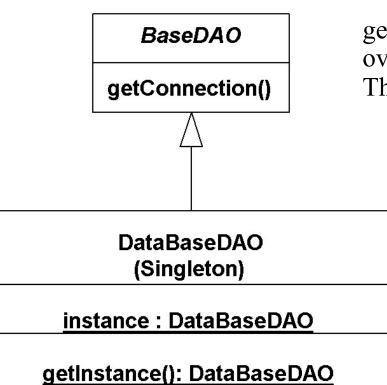
1. Static instance attribute of Singleton datatype

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2. Static getInstance method that returns a reference to instance

DataBaseDAO Singleton



getConnection method can be overidden by other DAO types (ex. Those accessing a legacy system)



Decorator

- Intent: Add responsibilities to an object dynamically
- **Our Problem:** Need ability to log and execute SQL statement without bind variables

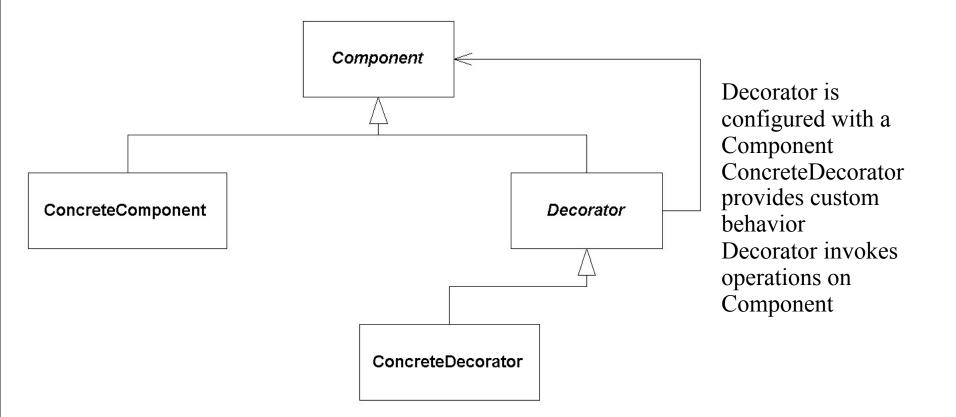


Possible Solutions

- Alternative: Utility class that accepts Selectable, parses it, and returns SQL string
- **Decorator:** Class implementing Selectable that accepts Selectable to constructor and returns appropriate SQL String
- Tradeoffs
 - Non-invasive way to enhance functionality
 - Additional classes with more complex learning curve (or maybe just a different way of thinking about utility classes)

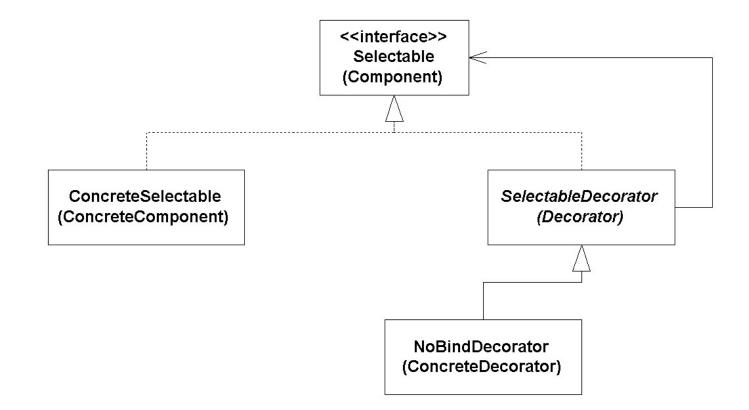


Decorator Structure





Selectable Decorator





Strategy

- Intent: Define a family of algorithms, encapsulate each one, and allow them to vary independently
- Our Problem: Returning ResultSet to clients of DataBaseDAO is limited to a JDBC datasource

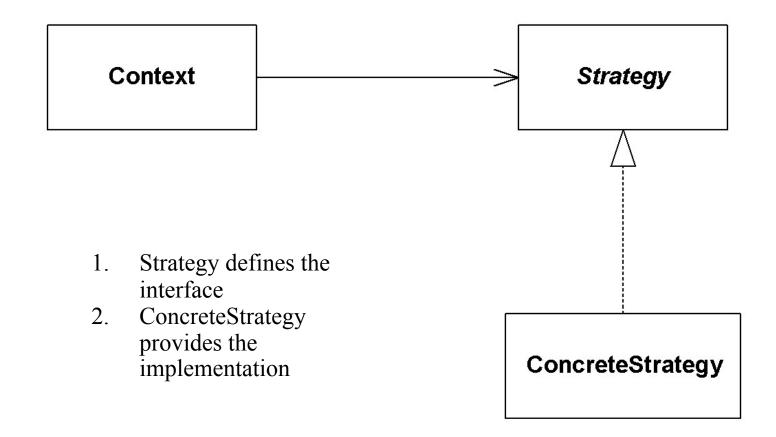


Possible Solutions

- Alternative: Pass back a bean or implement ResultSet for other datasources
- **Strategy:** Create a DataCursor that represents a TabularRecordSet
- Tradeoffs
 - No dependency on ResultSet and JDBC
 - More classes and increased complexity

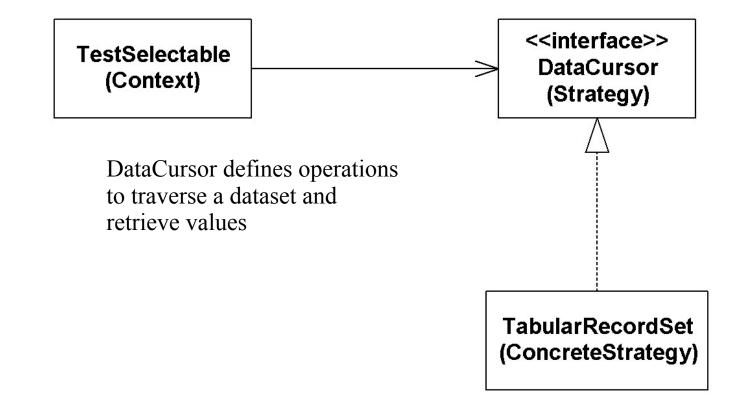


Strategy Structure





DataCursor Strategy





Mediator

- Intent: Define an object that encapsulates how a set of objects interact
- Our Problem: Queue updates and inserts so they are all part of the same Logical Unit of Work (LUW)

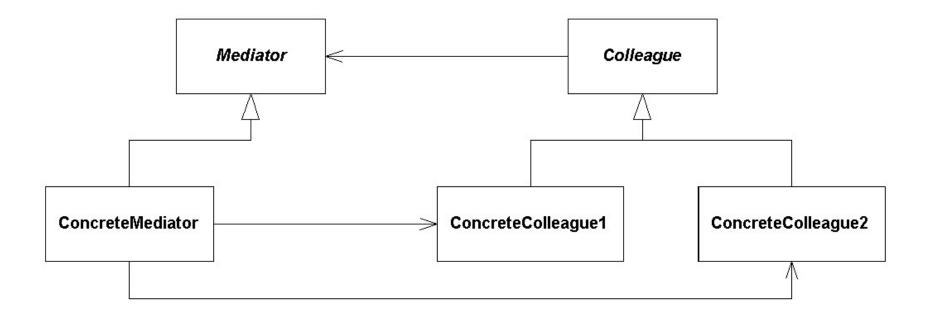


Possible Solutions

- Alternative: Code it each time or provide utility classes to offer some of the reusable functionality
- Mediator: Create a DAOMediator with which Updateable and Insertable instances are registered
- Tradeoffs
 - Simplifies transaction management
 - Centralizes code resulting in bloated mediators



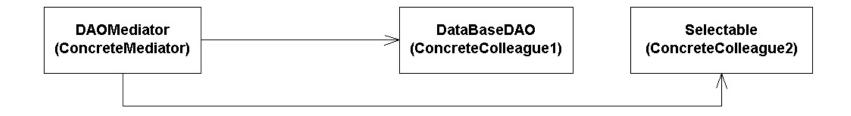
Mediator Structure



ConcreteMediator manages collaboration between Colleague instances Colleague instances communicate with each other through Mediator



DataBaseDAO Mediator





Observer

- Intent: Define relationship between objects so that when one object changes its state, all its dependents are notified and updated
- **Our Problem:** When using the Mediator for inserts, how do we manage foreign keys for child tables

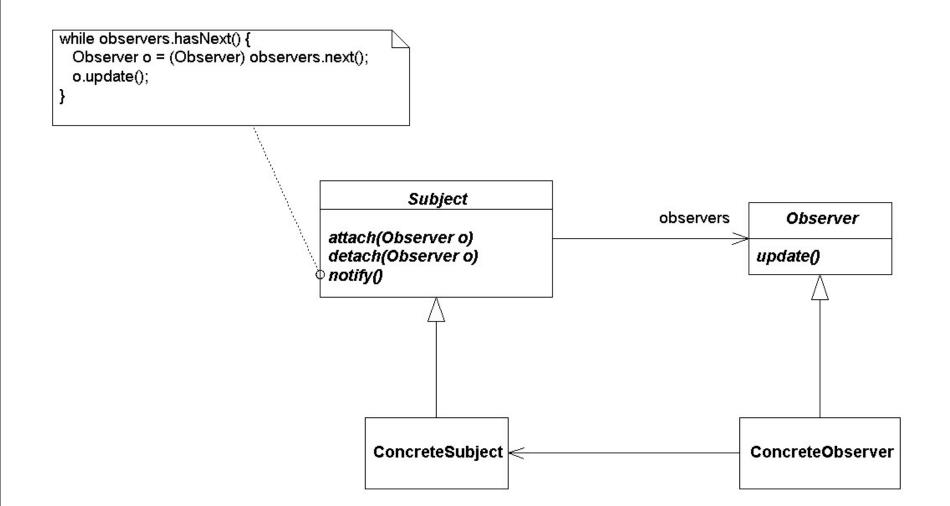


Possible Solutions

- Alternative: Manage keys using an Array
- Listener: Create a KeyListener so that Insertables can be notified of their necessary key values
- Tradeoffs
 - Consistent key management
 - Abstraction complexity

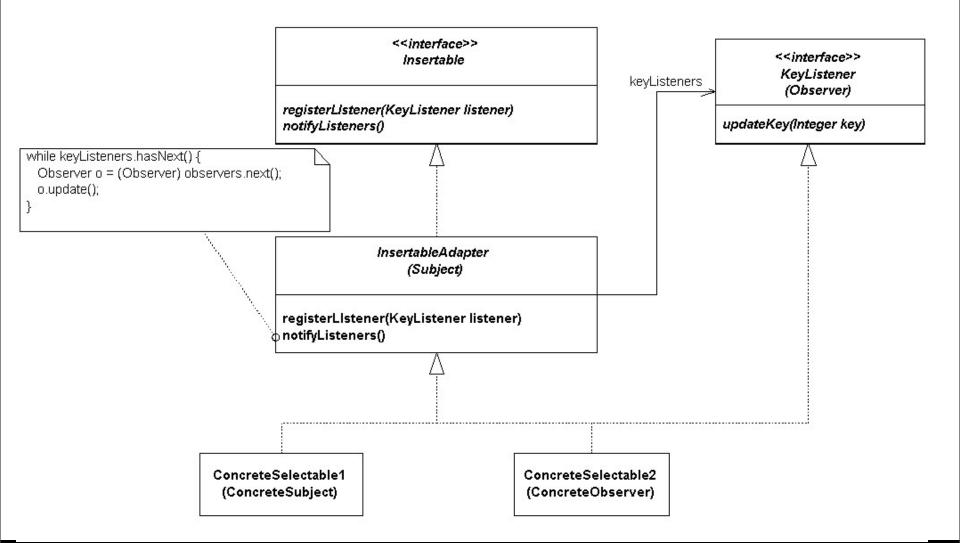


Observer Structure





KeyListener





Builder

- Intent: Separate the construction of an object from its representation so that the same construction process can create different representations
- Our Problem: Business objects must be built differently (ie. Lazy load, fully initialized)



Possible Solutions

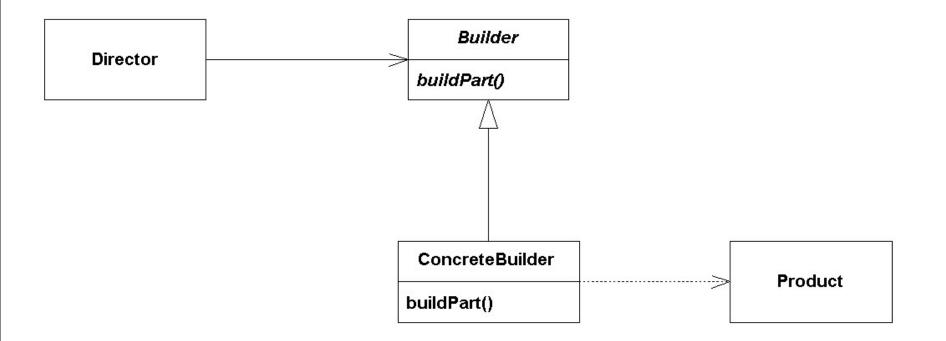
- Alternative: Retrieve the data and set the appropriate values on the business object
- **Builder:** Configure a business object with a builder that initializes the values

Tradeoffs

- Flexible way to build business objects using different and unknown constructions processes
- Adding new business objects (Products) could prove very difficult as all builders may need to be modified

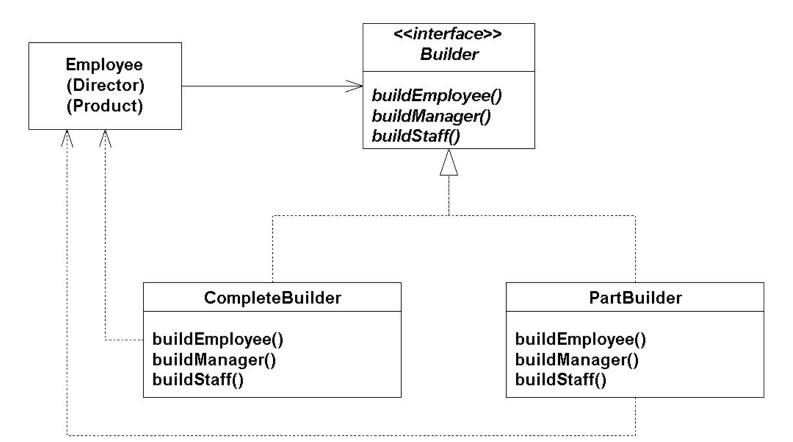


Builder Structure





Business Objects



- buildEmployee is actually a Factory Method

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- Originating Employee is Director created by Factory Method
- Manager and Staff are Employee instances created by builders

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Applying Patterns

- Difficult to identify up-front need
- Need usually arises based on complex behavior or structure
- Knowing patterns help offer template solution
- Tailoring pattern to context based on need for flexibility

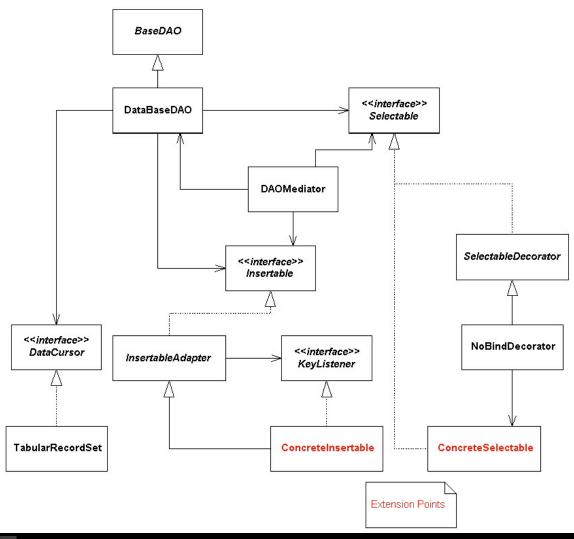


Compound Patterns

- Patterns rarely used individually or in a vacuum
- Single hierarchy/composition structure may consist of many patterns
 - Ex. Insertable is a Command, Adapter, Observer, Decorator



Overall Structure





Common Traits

- Abstraction
- Hierarchy
- Coupling
- Cohesion



Gleaning Heuristics

- Capture rules common to many patterns
- Famously, "favor object composition over class inheritance"
- Examples of others...
 - Avoid implementation inheritance
 - Abstractly couple classes
 - and many, many more...



Additional Resources

• <u>www.kirkk.com</u>

- JarAnalyzer download and general information on software development.
- <u>www.extensiblejava.com</u>
 - Resource devoted exclusively to dependency management.

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